

SUN SCORCHED.

The Hot Wave Over a Great Section of Country.

FATAL CASES OF SUNSTROKE

In Chicago Approach Those of Saturday. Many People Mentally Affected—The Mercury Up in the Nineties at Many Points, and in Some Places It Went Over the Hundred Mark—The Remarkable Record at Kansas City.

CHICAGO, August 9.—Again, to-day the sun scorched this city and the records of deaths and prostrations will approach those of yesterday. The fatal cases of sunstroke up to 10 o'clock numbered six, while several others were not expected to live. The prostrations of not a very serious character were over thirty.

Many people were mentally affected, and on one of the bridges the police had a hard struggle with a Swede of giant strength, who attempted to throw himself into the river. The heat had made him crazy. The temperature indicated many peculiarities during the day. The lowest point marked was 76 degrees at 11 o'clock, and the mercury remained almost stationary at that figure until 2 o'clock. At 3 o'clock it jumped to 86 and at 5 o'clock it was 93, the highest mark reached to-day was five degrees less than that of yesterday, the people suffered just as much, and the fatalities show that the heat was equally dangerous to life.

FIFTY DEATHS

In New York and Five in Brooklyn One to the Extreme Heat.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The police reported the following deaths to-day in which the extreme heat is supposed to have been the real or contributing cause:

John Page, 25 years old; Christian Tomwarden, 43 years; William Langbein, 40 years; Ethel Moore, 4 months; William Gross, 7 months; William Connolly, 25 years; Edward Corcoran, 40 years; T. Finley, 32 years; Michael Sheehan, 34 years; Louis McGrath, 64 years; Daniel Hurley, 36 years; Dennis Sullivan; Bridget Kelley, 51 years; Martin Dooley, 35 years; Arthur Kuenon; John Monahan, 35 years; Mary McCann, 56 years; Mary Slevis, 55 years; John Eichen, 37 years; William Brickley; John Farrell, 61 years; Michael Buckley, 25 years; David Atwater, 48 years; Walter Merritt, 35 years.

A number of fatal cases of sunstroke have been reported from Brooklyn. Niles Fallon, aged 35, died this morning, the result of prostration due to intense heat.

Daniel Skelly was found dead in his room on Hudson street. His death is said to have been due to heat exhaustion.

Martin J. Ruth, aged 42, died at his home before an ambulance could reach him. Henry J. Clinton, aged 52, was attending a meeting of the Holy Name Society to-day when he was overcome by the heat and fell from his chair and died.

John Arnold, William Debes, Edward Dooley, John Kelleher and Charles McCally are other Brooklyn citizens whose deaths to-day are attributed to the hot weather.

Ten cases of persons who were prostrated by the heat are reported. Some of them may not recover.

HEAT AT KANSAS CITY

Has Been Remarkable, but Few Deaths Due to It.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 9.—Since Monday last sweltering hot weather has prevailed in Kansas City and vicinity. The maximum temperature to-day, as reported by the United States weather bureau, was 97, which is the lowest maximum temperature reported since Monday last, when 97 was reached. On Friday the record was 102, but the extreme heat was reached on Saturday at 3 p. m., when the weather bureau reported 103. Notwithstanding the weather has been unusually hot and the spell of long duration, there have been comparatively few prostrations and but two deaths which are directly attributable to the heat. On Friday night Etta Lora Mira, chief of the Kansas City club, drank copiously of ice water while in an overheated condition and died a few minutes later. James Carney, a driver, was stricken on the street on Thursday and died on the following day from the effects of the sunstroke. The death rate during the week has been heavy, the extreme heat having aggravated the afflictions of the seriously ailing, but the two cases mentioned are the only cases directly attributable to the heat. A high wind has prevailed most of the time during the week, affording considerable relief.

Hottest Ever Known.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., August 9.—The long continued drought in this immediate vicinity was broken by a light rain this afternoon. The temperature which for the past ten days has ranged above the 100 mark, fell to seventy-four and the indications are that there will be more rain before morning.

During the past week the weather has been the hottest ever known here since the establishment of the local weather bureau, the temperature in the Little Rock district averaging the highest in the United States. Twelve or fifteen fatalities from prostration have occurred.

Heat in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., August 9.—Thomas Edwards, a city employee, died at the South Side hospital at 1 o'clock this morning in terrible agony as a result of sunstroke. The temperature makes two fatalities during the week. Within the same period there were four prostrations.

The thunder storm this evening was a happy relief from as hot a day as this summer has produced. For the second time the thermometer registered ninety-three degrees, the first time being last Thursday afternoon.

Temperature at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 9.—Ninety was the highest point touched by the mercury to-day, a heavy rain lowering the temperature several degrees and causing a break in the five days of hottest weather Milwaukee has experienced since 1872. No prostrations or deaths were reported to-day. During the week the death rate in the city has more than doubled, owing, physicians say, to the extreme heat. Fatal cases of sunstroke in the city and vicinity number eight to date.

Death From Heat.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, August 9.—John Kuefner, inspector of sewer works, died to-day from the effects of the heat. Kuefner fell down while on duty in the open sun yesterday afternoon, the thermometer registering 86 degrees in the shade.

Have by Heat in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 9.—The maximum temperature to-day was 97

degrees, yesterday it was 98, and the average for the past fourteen days has been over 95. There was but one death to-day, but the mortality among horses was never so great in the city, the dead animal contractors having great difficulty in removing the carcasses promptly.

IN ST. LOUIS

The Heat Has Been Unprecedented—Many Deaths.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 9.—Not before in the history of St. Louis has its inhabitants suffered so much from the heat as during the week just ended. The highest point reached by the thermometer was 100 in the shade, and on no day was the maximum below ninety-five. On the streets the heat was more intense and the record higher.

City Physician Sutter declared to-night that the record of heat prostrations and deaths at the hospital for the past week is unprecedented in its history. He reports that 110 cases, all serious, were cared for and that nineteen of these died, while more are still in a critical condition.

To-day the highest point reached by the thermometer was ninety-nine in the shade. Twenty victims of the heat were brought to the city hospital between 5 p. m. and midnight and but two of these died. Their names are unknown. Others will die.

Terrible Storm Raging.

OMAHA, Neb., August 9.—A terrible storm is raging in Omaha and eastern Nebraska to-night. This is the climax of a week of terrible heat, in which the thermometer has fluctuated near the hundred mark nearly all the time. Though a number of prostrations have occurred, no fatalities have resulted. The mercury was close to ninety-eight all day, but to-night has dropped below ninety, as a result of the storm.

Three Deaths.

NEWARK, N. J., August 9.—The hot weather to-day was responsible for the death of three persons in this city. Charles Zahn, John Oetleirer and "Joe," a German laborer employed in Hauck's brewery. Half a dozen cases of serious prostration from the heat were also reported.

In Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., August 9.—After a week in which the west wind played a prominent part in keeping down the heat, Boston was treated to a scorching day. The day was the most uncomfortable this summer. But few prostrations were reported by the police.

Hottest For Years.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., August 9.—To-day was the hottest in this city for several years. The thermometer registered 99 degrees in the shade. In Holyoke it was 98 at noon and had fallen eight degrees by 3 o'clock p. m.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING

By Negro-Americans who were Induced to Go to Guatemala.

MONROE, La., August 9.—Letters received in this city tell harrowing tales of suffering experienced by a colony of Louisiana negroes in Guatemala, who were induced to go there last May to work on railroads. The letters say that four of their number have been killed and that those still alive are in a condition worse than slavery and they are anxious to return to their Louisiana homes.

Last May a number of young negro men in this vicinity and at Jacksonville contracted with agents to go to Central America to work on railroads. Flattering inducements were held out to them. They were promised high wages, easy work and splendid treatment. The letters, some of them have been written home, indicate that they were badly deceived.

Henry Ward of Jacksonville, received a letter from his brother yesterday, dated at Panos, July 27, containing information that James Shaw, Willie Bradley, a boy named Sam, and another whose name the writer did not know, had been killed near Panos, while attempting to escape. The negroes employed on the railroad are guarded by soldiers of the Guatemalan government, are treated brutally, it is alleged, and receive scant rations and very small pay. Parson Ellis has received a letter from his son, Ennis, in which he tells tales of great suffering.

THREE WERE KILLED

And Fifteen Injured in a Terrible Trolley Car Accident at Columbia.

COLUMBIA, Pa., Aug. 9.—Three persons were instantly killed and fifteen injured, some probably fatally, by the derailing of a trolley car on the Columbia & Donegal electric road to-night, just outside the borough limits of Columbia. The dead are:

Adam Fochlinger, Henry Smith, an unknown person.

At least one and probably two of the injured may die before morning. The place where the accident occurred is at the base of a steep incline alongside of which runs a high embankment. The car was loaded with passengers and as it reached the edge of the incline there was no indication of impending danger. Once on the incline, however, the car began to slip, owing to wet tracks. The motorman applied the breaks and at that moment the gear wheel broke, rendering the brakes useless. The car dashed along at a terrific rate while within the terror-stricken passengers sat and stood petrified with fear. The car upon reaching the bottom took a sharp turn and was thrown up against the embankment. Word was quickly sent to Columbia and a relief car was sent to the scene. At present the names of the injured are unknown.

A MILE A MINUTE.

Bicyclist Anderson Makes Remarkable Time Near St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 9.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon, after three preliminary trials, cyclist E. E. Anderson, wheeled a mile in one minute and three seconds over a plank path. He was paced by a locomotive pulling a coach and rode a wheel geared to 52. Anderson could have bettered this time a few seconds, but he mistook the signal and slowed up a little too soon. The trial took place near Oldenburg, Ill., on the "Bluff Line." For a distance of two miles the road has been planked up between the tracks perfectly smooth. One mile was marked off in the center of this stretch with flags and torpedoes, the latter for the timers and to indicate to Anderson when to go ahead fast and when to slow up. Anderson announces that he will attempt another on August 23, on a wheel geared to 120.

A TRIPLE LYNCHING

In Louisiana—Three Italian Murderers Are Strung Up.

HAHNVILLE, La., August 9.—There was a triple lynching in this town just before 12 o'clock last night, and this morning the bodies of three Italian murderers were found swinging from the rafters of a shed near the court house. One of the men is Lorenzo Saldano, who so foully assassinated Jules Guenard at Freeport last Tuesday night, and the other two were Decey Serrano and Engelo Marcuso, who murdered and old Spaniard on the Ashton plantation, near Houma station, some time ago.

KISSED THE BABIES.

Candidate Bryan Besieged by Free Silver Callers.

BUT HE DISAPPOINTED MANY

By Dividing Most of His Time Between Sleeping and Attending Church—The Party Leaves Chicago for Pittsburgh. Silverites at Canton Will Make a Great Demonstration as Bryan Goes Through that City—Enjoying the Trip.

CHICAGO, August 9.—Thousands of enthusiastic free silver Democrats called at the Clifton House to see W. J. Bryan and his wife to-day. They came with their wives and babies and children. But it was late in the afternoon before their desires were satisfied.

In the first place Mr. and Mrs. Bryan slept until the middle of the forenoon. They were weary and worn from the fatigues and hot weather of yesterday. Then they wanted to be prepared for the excitement of to-morrow. When they had breakfasted they took a carriage and alone went to church. They drove to the Presbyterian church at Englewood and listened to an orthodox sermon preached by the Rev. Dr. John Clark Hill. The divine did not know that the Democratic nominee and his wife were coming and two-thirds of the congregation went home after the services in utter ignorance of the fact that their house of worship had been honored by his presence. No reference was made to the political issues of the day by the preacher in his sermon, nor did he in his remarks mention the candidate or his cause.

One reason that Mr. and Mrs. Bryan attended services at the Englewood church was because the Rev. Dr. Hill has accepted a call to act as pastor over the First Presbyterian church at Lincoln, of which Mr. and Mrs. Bryan are both members. They wanted to give the citizens a chance to hear the pastor of the Presbyterian church at Austin and he preached at Englewood as a "supply" during the absence of the regular pastor.

All the while there were thousands of eager Democrats calling at the Clifton House to see their national leader. But they were disappointed. After returning to the hotel, Mr. and Mrs. Bryan took dinner and then took an afternoon dinner, which lasted until near 6 o'clock in the evening. After that they went to the parlors and held an informal reception. The throng then began to pour in. The Democratic nominee and his wife were kept busy shaking hands, kissing babies and children, until near the time for their departure.

They left on the 11:30 train over the Pennsylvania for the east. They will arrive at Pittsburgh to-morrow night. As yet they have made no definite plans as to what route they will take from there to New York. The train will stop at all stations between here and Pittsburgh and at every point during the day to-morrow Mr. Bryan will give the citizens a chance to hear him talk or shake him by the hand. It is understood that there will be a grand demonstration at Canton, Ohio, Major McKinley's home, where the train will arrive about 1 p. m.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Bryan are looking in the best of health and seem to enjoy the tour immensely.

DECLINES RENOMINATION.

But Congressman Apsley Will Help Manage Republican Campaign.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 9.—Representative L. D. Apsley, who has represented the Fourth congressional district of Massachusetts in the house during the Fifty-third and the first session of the Fifty-fourth Congresses, has notified the managers of his district that he will not, under any circumstances, accept a renomination. Mr. Apsley was chairman of the Republican congressional committee in the last campaign and was unanimously re-elected by his associates to act in the same capacity during the present campaign, and while he will not stand for reelection to Congress, he will remain with Chairman Babcock at the head of the Republican congressional committee in Washington until the close of the election in November.

Although he has been assured of practically an unanimous renomination, and friends brought much pressure to bear upon him to again become a candidate, Mr. Apsley feels that he owes it to his important business interests to withdraw from active politics after the close of his present term in Congress. He has represented one of the most important Republican districts in Massachusetts, being elected the last time by over 8,000 majority and materially increasing his vote over the returns of 1892.

Mr. Apsley has been an eminently successful representative; he is very popular, not only with the members of his own delegation, but with the entire membership of the house, and his retirement will be regretted by Republicans and Democrats alike, because of his successful business experience and his deep interest in tariff legislation. Speaker Reed appointed him chairman of the committee on manufactures, and because of his acquaintance with the laboring classes a member of the committee on labor, while he was practically the spokesman of the Massachusetts delegation at the organization of the Fifty-fourth Congress. Mr. Reed relying strongly upon his judgment and advice in the matter of committee appointments. He made a speech on protection and reciprocity which attracted much attention, and which was put in pamphlet form to meet the great demand that has been made for it in all parts of the country. He is the president and treasurer of the Apsley Rubber Company, which employs nearly 1,000 hands; president of the Millay Last Company; president of the Hudson River and Albany and has been identified with many other enterprises. Mr. Apsley left for Massachusetts on Saturday, but will return on Tuesday and be at congressional headquarters until the return of Chairman Babcock, when he and Representative McCa, of Boston, will make a tour of inspection throughout the middle and western states.

GOLD DEMOCRATS

Open Their Campaign in Missouri—An Enthusiastic Meeting.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 9.—Local gold standard Democrats have opened their campaign in earnest. At an enthusiastic meeting under the auspices of the recently organized "Sound Money Democratic Club" over 500 representative Democrats and others were present. Judge Francis M. Black, ex-Chief Justice of the supreme court, presided, and in calling the meeting to order he made a speech in repudiating the Chicago platform in behalf of the gold standard. Hon. Frederick T. Lohman, a St. Louis lawyer, delivered the principal address. He took occasion to severely criticize ex-United States Senator George V. Vest for his stand

on the money question and denounced the Chicago platform as being "opposed to the best interests of the laboring man, the merchant and the people, besides being a menace to good government."

The address was received with repeated interruptions of applause and will be circulated as a campaign document.

THEY DENY IT.

Some of the Silver Mine Owners Say They Didn't Pay Bryan.

DENVER, Colo., August 9.—The Rocky Mountain News recently sent to the leading mining and smelting men of the country a letter, asking as to the truth of the statement that "the Bonanza silver mine owners" have maintained extensive bureaus with a corps of speakers and writers and that William J. Bryan has been in receipt of a salary from them for some years.

Replies have been received from seventeen prominent mining men, including J. Hagerman, Eben Smith, Clomon Guggenheim, S. A. Joseph, Dennis Shedy and Byron E. Spear, all of whom deny the existence of any bureau or organization of silver mine owners for the purpose alleged by Mr. Thurston, and denounce as a falsehood the statement that Mr. Bryan has ever received a salary or any remuneration whatever from them for advocating the silver cause.

CAMPAIGN WORK

Will be Actively Pushed at the Chicago Headquarters.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 9.—Chairman Hanna, of the Republican national committee, will leave at midnight to-night for Chicago to give his attention to the western campaign. He said to-day that he understood there was plenty of work awaiting him, he having received word to the effect that more than a thousand Republicans were waiting to see him to get the details of campaign work. Major Dick, who is to have charge of the Chicago headquarters, will start for Chicago to-morrow and the work of the campaign will be pushed from now on.

WETZEL REPUBLICANS

Nominate a Splendid County Ticket—An Enthusiastic Convention.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER. WILFELVILLE, W. Va., August 9.—The Republican county convention was held here yesterday. It was the largest meeting of the kind ever held in Wetzel county. There were present 140 delegates and between 500 and 600 voters of the county.

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock by Andy Clark, chairman of the county executive committee, who named W. W. Lemasters as temporary chairman, and J. W. McIntire secretary. The following committees were appointed by the chair: Permanent organization, basis of representation, order of business and resolutions. The committees were given until 1 o'clock to report. The chairman then introduced Colonel Romeo H. Freer, who spoke for one and one-half hours. The colonel's speech was well received and was pronounced to be one of the most logical efforts of the kind ever made in the county. At 1 o'clock the convention was again called to order and reported. Dr. J. W. Schmied, of New Martinsville, permanent chairman, and Cromwell Hancy, secretary.

The doctor, in taking the chair, thanked the convention for the honor and after a logical speech, called for the business of the convention. By the way, Dr. Schmied was a Democrat until two years ago, when he cast aside the dogmas of the Democratic party and now is one of the most prominent Republicans of the county. He is a rising young physician and now stands at the head of his profession.

After the report of the various committees, nominations were called for. William Morris, of Grant district, was nominated for house of delegates; U. B. Lee, of Grant, for sheriff; A. T. Morris, of Proctor, for prosecuting attorney; H. L. Thompson, of Monaca, for clerk of the county court; H. K. Craskey, for commissioner; Taden Lay, for assessor, and M. A. Brast, surveyor. The office of circuit court clerk was left open for the executive committee to fill. The ticket is considered the strongest ever made in Wetzel county.

Urging resolutions were passed, endorsing the state and national platforms. After the work of the convention, Thomas F. Barrett, of Mannington, and Professor Stafford, of Huntington, delivered addresses.

LI HUNG CHANG.

The Great Chinese Statesman Talks About His Coming Trip Across the American Continent—How He Received the Associated Press Correspondent.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, Aug. 10.—By special appointment a representative of the Associated Press was this morning accorded an interview with Li Hung Chang, England's guest of honor this month.

The hour set for the interview was 8:30 in the morning, indicating that the Chinese statesman is not given to late hours. Early as the hour was, there were nevertheless several persons in waiting to see the emperor of China's envoy. The attendants were, however, instructed as to the prior appointment of the representative of the Associated Press and he was selected from a great number of applicants on all possible errands and shown into Li Hung Chang's private parlor, which is the ground floor morning room in Lord Londesborough's mansion in Carlton House Terrace.

A group of servants stood before the door through which the news man was conducted by Viscount Li, the statesman's son, and who acted as his interpreter. Li Hung Chang rose and bowed with formal courtesy as his visitor entered and then shook hands, after which he motioned to a seat opposite his own. He was habited in an undress costume consisting of a plum colored stuff shirt, a dark blue silk jacket and a black satin cap with a crimson silk button in the center of the crown, to designate his status as a mandarin. In the front of the cap band was fixed a large pearl and set with diamonds. A diamond ring also glittered on the little finger of his right hand. His shoes were of black satin trimmed with two lines of green silk and having thick white felt soles.

As the distinguished foreigner took his seat following his guest's action, his attitude strikingly resembled the numerous published portraits from photographs, so that he would have been readily recognized without information as to his identity.

Honored By Eyes.

During the course of the interview Li most of the time looked his interlocutor straight in the face, his piercing brown eyes suggesting the penetrative power of the Roentgen rays. The complexion of his face is a dark bronze, relieved by a thin, straggling gray moustache and imperial. While talking the Chinese statesman was animated with an occasional smile full of perspiration, accompanied by a gesture. He then lapses into the impassiveness of a bronze idol. His voice is low in pitch, but of sonorous quality and he speaks

with the strong inflections so characteristic of the Chinese tongue.

Li Hung Chang has submitted to interviews a number of times before his arrival in England and has seized that rather formidable institution of western civilization with a firm grasp to direct it rather than to be controlled by it. The method employed by the astute oriental diplomat in his interviews with newspaper men is to ask and not to answer questions. The Associated Press representative found himself besieged for information as to the arrangements for the coming transit of Li through the United States, before opportunity was given to put a query.

Li was very eager regarding the programme for his tour of the United States and the American arrangements. He asked if Philadelphia was much out of the way of the railroad route from New York to Washington.

At this point the Chinese dignitary clasped his hands to call a servant in the Oriental fashion. The servant, clad in his native garb, entered, bowed low and retired, and then returned with tea in a covered cup of exquisitely frail and delicate porcelain. While this was partaken of by his caller, Li Hung Chang asked about the special train on the Pennsylvania railroad, which is to be provided for him and whether it would carry him direct to Vancouver without change. He was informed that probably it would.

I explained that Hon. John Russell Young had written to him, asking him to luncheon in Philadelphia, at which he promised that all of Li Hung Chang's old friends should be present. Li first met Mr. Young when the latter accompanied General Grant on his tour around the world and afterwards when he became United States minister to China under President Arthur. Li asked if Mr. Young held such a position among Americans as to lead them to follow his arrangements. Being assured as to this, he asked cordially after the health of Mr. Young, and of General James H. Wilson and Mr. Wharton Barker, whom he had seen in China.

The Associated Press representative said that the greatest respect was felt among American people that Li Hung Chang would be unable to see enough of the United States to obtain a knowledge of the country equally intimate with that obtained of the other countries he has already seen.

Regrets He Couldn't See the Elephant.

Li Hung Chang in reply asserted that he deeply regretted that it was imperative that he should sail from Vancouver on September 14, for which date passage has been secured for him on the steamer Empress of China.

He was asked if he would like to eat some of the American delicacies, such as terrapin and canvas back ducks, which were likely to be offered to him at American dinners.

The fame of the terrapin and the canvas back are believed to have penetrated China through the extravagant fondness for these dishes of a former Chinese envoy at Washington. Li replied to this query with an amused smile, saying:

"I should be pleased to taste all such delicacies, but I cannot promise to do so as my teeth are no longer good. For this reason I prefer to confine my diet to Chinese meat."

Here Li Hung Chang called out something to the servant in the adjoining room. The latter entered and took from a sideboard a long silver pipe, the bowl of which resembled a spirit lamp. He blew through the bowl, put a pinch of tobacco into it, lighted it with a taper and then held the stem to the Chinese potentate's lips. Li pulled thrice with much apparent gratification, which started the servant to go, blew out the ashes, refilled the bowl, relit it and offered it to his superior. This was repeated three times before Li had enough of the fumes to satisfy his taste.

Following his smoke, he asked as to the facilities and the cost of shipping heavy baggage from New York to Vancouver.

The correspondent satisfied him upon this point.

SUNDAY IN CAMP.

Twenty Thousand People Visit Camp Holley—The Last Day.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE INTELLIGENCER.

CAMP HOLLY, HUNTINGTON, W. Va., August 9.—Fully twenty thousand people have visited Camp Holly to-day, every town and city along the river have been represented in great numbers. The programme was varied to-day, and after drill at 9 a. m., and inspection an hour later, at 11 o'clock, the chaplains conducted religious services adjacent to the grounds. It is now Colonel Hodge's day as a civilian. The former has been on duty at his quarters in honor of his new rank. Lieutenant Colonel Banks in the same sturdy, good-looking soldier since he has been promoted, while Major Lyons, who after a sharp contest, was elected to fill Major Banks' place, is receiving congratulations. Some one from Charleston will be selected to fill the position of regimental adjutant, the place vacated by Major Lyons.

The first regiment will break camp and depart at 6 o'clock in the morning, while the second will leave at 8:30 o'clock.

STARTLING REPORT

Of the Loss of a Steamer with Two Hundred Persons on Board.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The steamer Bloomer Girl, bound from Whitefish Bay for Milwaukee, is it rumored, was lost this evening in a storm which raged off the latter place. She was due here at 11 o'clock and at 2 o'clock had not been heard of. She had an excursion party of about 200 aboard.

STEAMSHIP ASHORE.

Pacific Liner St. Paul Wrecked—No Lives Are Lost.

MONTEREY, Cal., August 9.—The Pacific coast steamship company's steamer, St. Paul, went ashore at Point Pinos early this morning and will probably be a total wreck. There were about fifty passengers on board, but all were landed safely and no lives were lost. There was a dense fog at the time and it is supposed the captain lost his bearings. The St. Paul ran between San Francisco and San Pedro, carrying freight and passengers and was on her way up from San Pedro at the time of the wreck. The passengers will be sent to San Francisco by train.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, generally fair and continued warm westerly winds. For western Pennsylvania, clearing in the morning, with a shower or shower of rain, clearing in the afternoon. For Ohio, fair, except local thunder storms in northern portion, light to fresh southerly, shifting to westerly winds not so warm in northern portion Monday evening; continued high temperature in southern portions.

Local Temperature.

The temperature Saturday as observed by G. Schindler, druggist, at corner Fourth and Market streets, was as follows:

7 a. m. .... 78.3 p. m. .... 83  
9 a. m. .... 82.5 p. m. .... 82  
12 m. .... 80.7 p. m. .... 80  
Sunny.

5 a. m. .... 73.3 p. m. .... 87  
7 a. m. .... 78.7 p. m. .... 87  
12 m. .... 80.7 p. m. .... 87

IS IT WATTS?

That is the Question that Seems to be Uppermost Now.

WILL THE OPPOSITION TO HIM

Have Enough Votes to Prevent His Nomination on First

BALLOT IN STATE CONVENTION

Is the Same Question in Other Words.

The Kanawha Man's Friends Predict that He will Pull Down the Plumb in the First and Last Round—Judge Bennett's Friends Say Watts will Surely be Defeated—Many of the Party Leaders in Town—The Congressional Convention of Tuesday—Pendleton the Probable Nominee.

The Table Complete.

County	Votes	Ralph- Watts	Ben- ney	Ben- Smith
Barbour	15	11	10	5
Berkeley	21	11	8	..
Bonoe	8	8	..	..
Braxton	18	..	18	..
Brooke	8	3	2	3
Cabell	20	10	10	..
Calhoun	10	..	10	..
Clay	5	3	2	..
Doddridge	12	..	9	3
Fayette	25	..	9	..
Gilmer	12	12	..	..
Grant	4	..	..	4
Greenbrier	23	23	..	..
Hampshire	19	..	..	19
Hancock	4	3	8	..
Hardy	12	..	..	12
Harrison	22	7	7	8
Jackson	19	19	..	..
Jefferson	25	..	4	21
Kanawha	46	46	..	..
Lewis	17	..	17	..
Lincoln	11	11	..	..
Logan-Mingo	15	15	..	..
Marion	27	..	..	27
Marshall	18	6	6	6
Mason	23	10	8	5
Mercer	18	12	..	6
Mineral	..	..	13	4
Monongahia	15	5	5	5
Monroe	14	5	9	..
Morgan	6	..	6	..
McDowell	6	6	..	..
Nicholas	11	11	..	..
Ohio	63	35	10	8
Pendleton	11	4	..	..
Pleasant	3	6	..	..
Pocahontas	9	9	..	..
Preston	13	..	7	6
Putnam	16	8	..	8
Raleigh	10	4	3	3
Randolph	4	..	..	4
Ritchie	14	14	..	..
Roane	16	8	4	4
Summers	16	16	..	..
Taylor	12	..	4	4
Tucker	8	9	..	..
Tyler	11	7	4	4
Typhur	9	..	2	..
Wayne	21	21	..	..
Webster	7	7	..	..
Wetzel	18	5	4	8
Wirt	11	13	8	9
Wood	20	16	8	6
Wyoming	6	6	..	..
Totals	849	423	388	138